

MAXWELL DISTRIBUTION OF GAS MOLECULE VELOCITIES ©

Computational Document

by

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Adapted from a document by Flick Coleman, Wellesley College MA
The original document is included in the set of documents on the Mathcad Web page.

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$R := 8.314$

$M := 0.028$

Some constants: R in SI units,
molecular weight for N₂ in kg per mole.

$u_{max} := 2000$

Maximum speed for calculation

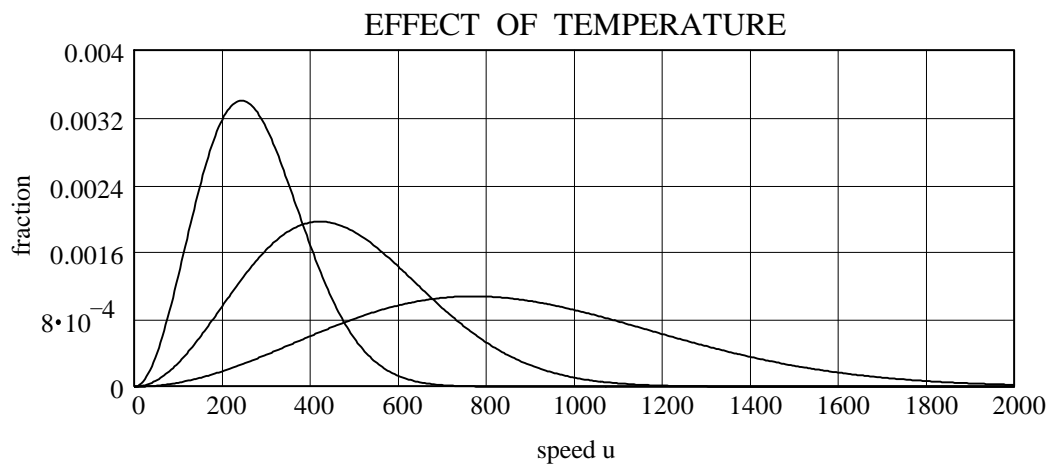
$i := 0..500$ $u_i := \frac{i \cdot u_{max}}{500}$

Calculate for 500 points

$T := \begin{pmatrix} 100 \\ 300 \\ 1000 \end{pmatrix}$ $j := 0..2$

An array of temperatures

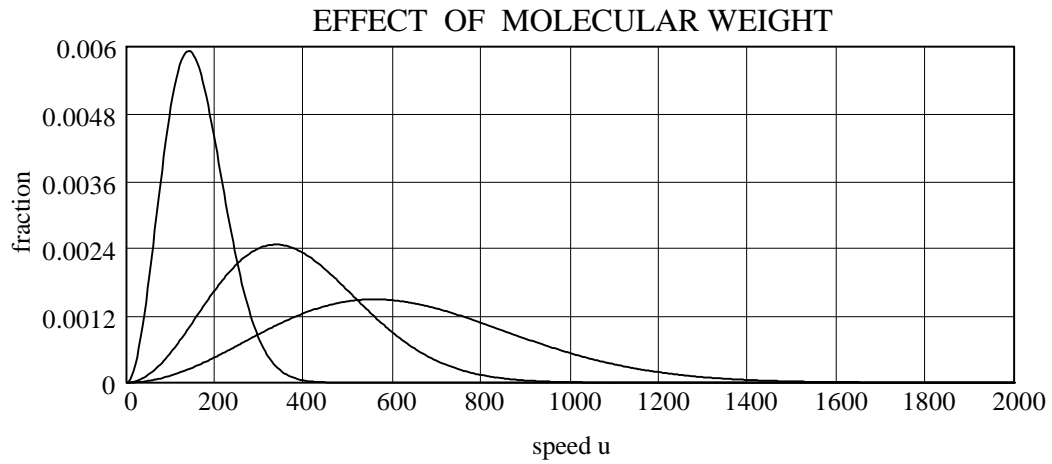
$$P_{i,j} := 4 \cdot \pi \cdot \left(\frac{M}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R \cdot T_j} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \exp \left[\frac{-M \cdot (u_i)^2}{2 \cdot R \cdot T_j} \right] \cdot (u_i)^2 \quad \text{Maxwell's function}$$



Now we test the effect of molecular weight on the speeds of CH₄, CO₂, and I₂ all at a temperature of 300°K.

$$M := \begin{pmatrix} 0.016 \\ 0.044 \\ 0.254 \end{pmatrix} \quad j := 0..2 \quad T := 300$$

$$P_{i,j} := 4 \cdot \pi \cdot \left(\frac{M_j}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R \cdot T} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \exp \left[\frac{-M_j \cdot (u_i)^2}{2 \cdot R \cdot T} \right] \cdot (u_i)^2$$



Next we integrate the Maxwell function

$m := 0.016$

$T := 320$

Select the molecular weight and temperature.
Pick a very large velocity $v=50000$ for upper limit.
We had to switch from u to v and M to m to keep
MATHCAD happy.

$$\text{Int} := \int_0^{50000} 4 \cdot \pi \cdot \left(\frac{m}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R \cdot T} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-m \cdot v^2}{2 \cdot R \cdot T} \right) \cdot v^2 \, dv$$

Int = 1

Use the expression below for using calculus to find the maximum of the Maxwell distribution. Follow instructions from your sheets.

$$4 \cdot \pi \cdot \left(\frac{m}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R \cdot T} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-m \cdot u^2}{2 \cdot R \cdot T} \right) \cdot u^2$$